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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
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11	AARON WALKER, an indiv YOLONDA WALKER, an i		CASE NO. 0	08-CV-1411 H (NLS)	
12	TOBOTIBIT WITHING, un I	Plaintiffs,		NYING WITHOUT E PLAINTIFFS' EX	
13	vs.	T Idininis,	PARTE AP	PLICATION FOR RY RESTRAINING	
14 15	SPECIALIZED LOAN SER	VICING,	BRIEFING	ID SETTING SCHEDULE IG PRELIMINARY	
16	LLC, a Delaware limited liab company; DEUTSCHE BAN NATIONAL TRUST COMF	oility IK	INJUNCTIO		
17	TRUSTEE ON BEHALF OF HOLDERS OF THE TERW	THE			
18	MORTGAGE TRUST 2006- ASSET-BACKED CERTIFI TMTS SERIES 2006-9HGA	9HGA, CATES.			
19 20	unknown form; AXIS MOR INVESTMENT, an entity of	rGAGE & unknown			
21	form; AXIS MORTGAGE & INVESTMENTS, LLC, an A	rizona			
22	limited liability company; Bl BANK OF ARIZONA, a bar	nking			
23	institution; CHASE HOME I LLC, a Delaware limited liab	oility			
24	company; REGIONAL TRU SERVICES CORPORATION Washington corporation; and	N, a			
25	inclusive,	1DOES 1-10,			
26		Defendants.			
27					
28	On August 4, 2008, plaintiffs Aaron Walker and Yolonda Walker ("Plaintiffs") filed				

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a complaint alleging violations of federal law, including the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1601 et seq., and California law including the Rosenthal Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1788 et seq. Plaintiff has filed an ex parte application for a temporary restraining order ("TRO") enjoining Defendants from proceeding with a foreclosure sale of Plaintiffs' property, located in San Diego, California. Plaintiffs assert that the sale is scheduled to occur on August 8, 2008. For the following reasons, the Court denies without prejudice Plaintiffs' ex parte motion for a TRO.

Pursuant to Rule 65(b)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a court may issue a TRO without notice to the adverse party "only if: (A) specific facts in an affidavit or a verified complaint clearly show that immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage will result to the movant before the adverse party can be heard in opposition; and (B) the movant[] certifies in writing any efforts made to give notice and the reasons why it should not be required."

A motion for a TRO also must meet the general requirements for preliminary injunctive relief. "[T]o obtain a preliminary injunction, the moving party must show either (1) a combination of probable success on the merits and the possibility of irreparable injury or (2) that serious questions are raised, and the balance of hardships tips in his favor." Roe v. Anderson, 134 F.3d 1400, 1402 (9th Cir. 1998). These alternative formulations for the issuance of a preliminary injunction "represent two points on a sliding scale in which the required degree of irreparable harm increases as the probability of success decreases." Id.; see Clear Channel Outdoor Inc. v. City of Los Angeles, 340 F.3d 810, 813 (9th Cir. 2003).

After reviewing Plaintiffs' complaint and ex parte application for a TRO, the Court concludes that Plaintiffs' application fails to demonstrate that ex parte injunctive relief is warranted under the law. See Roe v. Anderson, 134 F.3d at 1402. The Court concludes that Plaintiffs fail to demonstrate that preliminary injunctive relief should be granted before the adverse parties can be heard in opposition. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(b)(1). Plaintiffs' complaint arises from a refinance transaction that occurred in July of 2006 for the purpose of paying off existing mortgages, a car loan, and to obtain cash for home improvements. (See Decl. of Yolonda Walker ISO App. for TRO ¶ 4.) Plaintiffs allege that, at the time of the transaction,

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Defendants represented that Plaintiffs' monthly payment would be \$2,810.86. Plaintiffs allege that in May of 2007 they discovered that the true monthly payment was \$3,183.66. Plaintiffs filed this action more than one year after their discovery of this alleged false representation, and more than three months after foreclosure proceedings were instituted against Plaintiffs' property by the recording of a Notice of Default in the office of the County Recorder. (See Mem. of Pts. & Auths. ISO App. for TRO at 2-3.)

After reviewing and carefully considering Plaintiffs' submissions, the Court denies without prejudice Plaintiff's ex parte application for a TRO. Plaintiff shall serve upon all named defendants a copy of Plaintiff's complaint and all other documents filed by Plaintiff in this case. The Court sets the following briefing schedule regarding Plaintiff's request for a preliminary injunction:

- 1. Defendant shall file a response in opposition no later than August 15, 2008.
- 2. Plaintiff may file a reply no later than August 22, 2008.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

COPIES TO:

All parties of record.

DATED: August 4, 2008

MARILYN L. HUFF, District Judge UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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